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Amazing countries of the UK

Интерактивная игра для обучающихся в 8–9-х классах (Российско-британский перекрестный Год культуры)

Игра расширяет знания обучающихся о традициях и обычаях Великобритании, развивает интерес и уважение к другому образу жизни, дает возможность ученику почувствовать себя личностью.

Цели игры:

Расширять знания обучающихся о традициях и обычаях Великобритании, развивать интерес и уважение к другому образу жизни, давать возможность ученику почувствовать себя личностью, которая принадлежит к определенному социокультурному обществу людей, сравнивать свою культуру с культурами других стран.

Задачи игры:

1. Развитие коммуникативных умений в четырех основных видах речевой деятельности (говорении, аудировании, чтении, письме).
2. Развитие коммуникативной компетенции, включая умение взаимодействовать с окружающими, выполняя разные социальные роли.
3. Развитие исследовательских учебных действий, включая навыки работы с информацией: поиск и выделение нужной информации, обобщение и фиксация информации.
4. Развитие таких качеств, как воля, целеустремленность, креативность, инициативность.
5. Осознание возможностей самореализации средствами иностранного языка.
6. Умение пользоваться справочным материалом (грамматическим и лингвострановедческим справочниками, двуязычным и толковым словарями, мультимедийными средствами).

Amazing Countries of the UK

CONTESTS		TEAMS			
		England	Wales	Scotland	Northern Ireland
1	Warning-up 1 point for each new fact				
2	Quiz max 10 points				
3	Famous people max 8 points				
4	Symbols max 4 points				
5	Tongue twisters max 1 point				
6	Crossword puzzle max 8 points				
TOTAL					
PLACE					

PROCEDURE

Introduction

- Greetings to the participants of the game from the teachers and the Chairperson of the Exeter — Yaroslavl Twinning Association.
- Listening to the people in London answering the question: *What comes to people's mind when they think of your country?**
- Computer presentations about the UK and its four parts (3–4 minutes).** School teams present their project work and speak about the UK and each part of the country according to the following plan:
 - 1 Geographical position, borders, seas and oceans that wash the country.
 - 2 The relief, lakes and rivers.
 - 3 The regions of the country (if any).
 - 4 The population.
 - 5 The capital, big cities.
 - 6 The emblem, the flag.
 - 7 The most important historical dates.
 - 8 Places of interest, great people.
- Splitting into 4 new teams:
Students take cards with the name of different parts of the UK and form four new teams: “England”, “Wales”, “Scotland”, “Northern Ireland”.
- Introduction of the teams (motto and emblem).

BBC Learning English
Express English



Express yourself! Every week we ask you a different question. Hear what people in London say, then join the conversation! This week: Stereotypes

What do people think of, when they think of your country?

Here's what people in London said:

Fish and chips, I'd say. Cloudy weather... rainy, drizzly... everybody miserable, grey skies, the Queen, what else, baked beans... I don't know.

Very open-minded and eating fish and chips all the time... and drinking beer!

Probably the monarchy, the Queen, and the Industrial Revolution perhaps... castles and the guards on horseback!

Bad weather, busy. And lots of tourist attractions, I suppose. Buckingham palace, I suppose, St. James' Park, Trafalgar Square, lots of pigeons, fish and chips, stuff like that, I suppose.

Now tell us what you think!

http://www.bbc.co.uk/worldservice/learningenglish/general/expressenglish/2011/11/111128_ee_stereotypes.shtml

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** См. презентации там же.

1. Warming-up

Speak about the United Kingdom which in everyday speech is often called Great Britain. Get ready to repeat the fact about the country mentioned by the previous team and add one more fact. The team will get one point for each new fact. The longer your team stays in the game the bigger score it will have.

Teachers conducting the game show how it can be done:

- Great Britain is situated on the British Isles.
- Great Britain is situated on the British Isles and the official language of the country is English.
- The official language of the country is English and people who live in the country are British.

2. Quiz

Choose the correct answer to each question. Write down the answers on the answer sheet. Time limit — 7 min.

While the members of the jury are marking the answers the teams in turn are answering the questions of the quiz and checking their answers with the help of the computer presentation.

- What is the longest river in the United Kingdom?
 - The Thames
 - The Severn
 - The Clyde
 - The Trent
- Loch Neagh is the largest lake in the United Kingdom. In which part of the country is it situated?
 - England
 - Scotland
 - Wales
 - Northern Ireland
- What is Stratford-on-Avon famous for?
 - It stands on the longest river in England.
 - It is the birthplace of William Shakespeare.
 - It is the oldest town of the country.
 - It has a famous football team.
- Which of these places is often called London-on-the-Sea?
 - Dover
 - Brighton
 - Hastings
 - Plymouth
- What is the national musical instrument of Scotland?
 - the violin
 - the guitar
 - the harp
 - the bagpipe
- Which of the British writers was born in Scotland?
 - Robert Louis Stevenson
 - Daniel Defoe
 - Jonathan Swift
 - Oscar Wilde
- What is the poetic name of Scotland?
 - The Lake District
 - Caledonia
 - Llywelyn
 - Nessie's Land
- Who is the Patron Saint of Wales?
 - St George
 - St Andrew
 - St David
 - St Patrick
- When did Northern Ireland become part of the United Kingdom?
 - in 1603
 - in 1801
 - in 1707
 - in 1922
- How many times was London the host city of the Olympic Games?
 - 1
 - 3
 - 2
 - 0



3. Famous people

Match the information about one of the British celebrities (1–8) with his / her name (A — H). Put down your answers in your answer sheet. Time limit — 10 min.

While the members of the jury are marking the answers the teams are answering the questions of the quiz in turn and checking their answers with the help of the computer presentation.

- A. Arthur Conan Doyle
- B. Colin James Farrell
- C. Agatha Christie
- D. Major Walter Clapton Wingfield

- E. Jennifer Swift
- F. Alexander Fleming
- G. David Robert Joseph Beckham
- H. Margaret Thatcher

1. He was an Anglo-Irish satirist, essayist, political pamphleteer, poet and cleric who became Dean of St Patrick's Cathedral, Dublin. He lived in 1667–1745. He was 77 when he died. His pen names were M. B. Drapier, Lemuel Gulliver, Isaac Bickerstaff. He graduated from Trinity College in Dublin. His notable works are "Gulliver's Travels", "A Modest Proposal", "A Tale of a Tub", "Drapier's Letters".

2. She was born in 1890 in Torquay, Devon, England. She died when she was 85 in 1976. She was a British crime writer of novels, short stories, and plays. She also wrote romances under the name Mary Westmacott, but she is best remembered for her 66 detective novels and 14 short story collections (especially those featuring Hercule Poirot or Miss Jane Marple). According to the Guinness Book of World Records, she is the best-selling novelist of all time and, with William Shakespeare, the best-selling author of any type. She has sold roughly four billion copies of her novels. Her books have been translated into at least 103 languages.

3. He received a Golden Globe Award for Best Actor for his role in "In Bruges". His father was a football player. When the character was growing up, he wanted to become a football player like his father. He appeared in the title role of Alexander the Great in Oliver Stone's film in 2004.





4. He lived in 1859–1930. He was a Scottish physician and a writer, most noted for his stories about the detective Sherlock Holmes. His other works include science fiction stories, plays, romances, poetry, non-fiction, historical novels and humours. Sherlock Holmes was featured in a total of 56 short stories and four novels, and has since appeared in many novels and stories by other authors. There is also a statue of Sherlock Holmes in Edinburgh, close to the house where the author was born.

5. He lived in 1881–1955. He was a Scottish biologist and pharmacologist. He wrote many articles on bacteriology, immunology, and chemotherapy. His best-known discoveries are the discovery of the enzyme lysozyme in 1923 and the antibiotic substance penicillin in 1928, for which he was given the Nobel Prize in 1945.



6. She was born in 1925. She is a former Conservative Prime Minister of the United Kingdom who served from 1979 to 1990. She studied chemistry in Oxford. In 1975 she was elected Leader of the Conservative Party, the first woman to head a major UK political party, and in 1979 she became the UK's first female Prime Minister. She survived an assassination attempt in 1984. She was called "Iron Lady". She visited Russia and met M. Gorbachev.

7. He was born on the 2nd May, 1975. He is an English footballer who plays midfield for Los Angeles Galaxy in Major League Soccer, having previously played for Manchester United, Preston North End, Real Madrid, and A.C. Milan, as well as the England's national team. He was the first British footballer to play 100 Champions League matches. With such global recognition he has become an elite advertising brand and a top fashion icon. He is married to Victoria and they have four children.

8. He was a British army officer who was one of the pioneers of lawn tennis. He lived in 1833–1912. He authored two tennis works: "The Book of the Game" and "The Major's Game of Lawn Tennis" and patented the game of "lawn tennis" in 1874, and thus gave us all the gift of an incomparable sport. He also created a new type of bicycle which he called the "Butterfly".

4. The symbols of the UK

Unscramble the names of the symbols of the countries of the UK, write the names of the countries and draw those symbols in the charts. Time limit — 8 min.

5. Tongue Twisters

Try to pronounce these tongue twisters correctly. The best speaker from each team is welcome to the front to demonstrate his / her skill. There is one extra tongue twister extra and the teacher can demonstrate how to pronounce it well.

If Pickford's packers packed a packet of crisps would the packet of crisps that Pickford's packers packed survive for two and a half years?

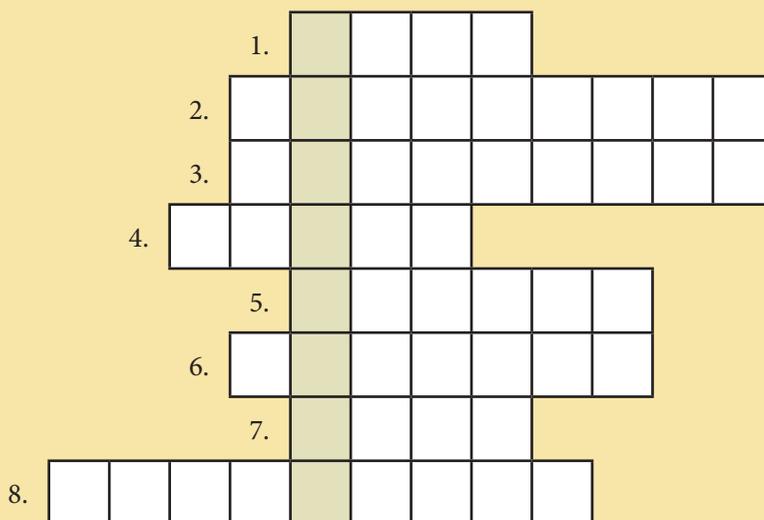
- Yellow butter, purple jelly, red jam, black bread.
Spread it thick, say it quick!
Yellow butter, purple jelly, red jam, black bread.
Spread it thicker, say it quicker!
Yellow butter, purple jelly, red jam, black bread.
Don't eat with your mouth full!
- If coloured caterpillars could change their colours constantly
could they keep their coloured coat coloured properly?
- Swan swam over the sea.
Swim, swan, swim!
Swan swam back again.
Well swum swan!
- Don't trouble trouble, until trouble troubles you! If you
trouble trouble, triple trouble troubles you!



6. Crossword puzzle

Fill in the words and in the yellow squares you will find the word which means an important tool in learning more about foreign countries.

1. The name of a lake in Scotland
2. One of the oldest university centres in England.
3. A national park in Wales.
4. The national game of Wales which originated in England in 1859.
5. The old name of Northern Ireland.
6. The Prime Minister of Great Britain.
7. The game which originated in Scotland.
8. A guide in the Tower of London.



7. Christmas lottery

Students get lottery tickets and receive small prizes and souvenirs (see sample on page 42).

8. The results of the game. Certification

9. Visiting the Yaroslavl Art Museum — guided tour of the Governor's House and the picture gallery in English



Team _____

	oka	parh	dgoarn	isltteh	eta
Unjumbled word	oak				
Country	England				
Picture					